#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

The batteries are exempt articles and are not subject to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard Requirement. This sheet is provided as technical information only. The information and recommendations set forth are made in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the date of preparation. However, DBV makes no warranty expressed or Implied.

### **Section 1-Product and Company Identification**

Product Name:		CHEMICAL SYSTEM:		Volts:
Lithium Manganese Dioxide Batteries		Lithium Manganese Dioxide		3 V
Size:	Trade Mark:	Approximate Weight:		
CR2025	DBV	V 2.6 g		2.6 g
Designed for Recharge:		Date of preparation:		
NO		Jan 01 2020		
Company:		Telephone Numbers:		
Double Best Corporation Limited			886-(02)8751-9188	
Address (Number, Street, City, State, and ZIP Code):			Fax Numbers:	
5F., No.37, Ln. 221, Gangqian Rd., Neihu Dist., Taipei City 114,			886- (02)8751-8387	
Taiwan (R.O.C.)				

## **Section 2- Composition/Information on Ingredients**

Ingredient	CAS NO.	Content (wt%)	
Lithium	7439-93-2	1.85 (0.048 gram)	
Propylene Carbonate	108-32-7	6.0	
Manganese dioxide	1313-13-9	26.0	
1,2-Dimethoxyethane	110-71-4	3.6	
Lithium perchlorate	7791-03-9	1.1	
Graphite	7782-42-5、1333-86-4	3.0	
Polypropylene	9003-07-0	4.1	
Teflon	9002-84-0	0.3	
Stainless steel	7439-89-6	54.05	

#### Section 3 – Hazards Identification

This contains lithium, organic solvent, and other combustible materials. For this reason, Improper handling of the battery could lead to distortion, leakage\*, overheating, explosion of fire and cause human injury or equipment trouble. Please strictly observe safety instruction.

(\*Leakage is defined as an unintended escape of liquid from a battery.)

#### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

None unless internal materials exposure. If contents are leaked out, observe following

Instructions

Inhalation Fumes can cause respiratory irritation. Remove to fresh air and consult a physician.

Skin Immediately flush skin plenty of water. If itch or irritation by chemical bum persists, consult a

physician.

Eyes Immediately flush eye with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Consult a physician immediately

Ingestion If swallowing a battery, consult a physician immediately.

If contents come into mouth, immediately rinse by plenty of water and consult a physician.

### **Section 5-Fire Fighting Measures**

**Extinguishing Media** Extinguisher of alkaline metal fire is effective.

Plenty of cold water is also effective to cool the surrounding area and control the spread fire. But hydrogen gas may be evolved by the reaction of water and lithium and it can form an explosive mixture. Therefore in the case that lots of lithium batteries are burning

in a confined space, use a smothering agent.

gas.

#### Section 6-Accidental Release Measures

Accidental Releases: Do not breathe vapors or touch liquid with bare hands (see section 4).

Waste Disposal Methods: Evacuate area. If possible, a trained person should attempt to stop or contain the leak by neutralizing spill with soda lime or baking soda. A NIOSH Approved Acid Gas Filter Mask or Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus should be worn. Seal leaking battery and soda lime or baking soda in a plastic bag and dispose of as hazardous waste.

Other: Follow North American Emergency Response Guide (NAERG)#138 for cells involved in an accident, cells that have vented, or have exploded.

## **Section 7-Handling and Storage**

#### 1) Handling

Never swallow. Never reverse the positive and negative terminals when mounting. Never short-circuit the battery. Never heat. Never expose to open flame. Never disassemble. Never weld the terminal or wire to the body of the battery directly. Never touch the liquid leaked out of battery. Never bring fire close to battery liquid. Never keep in touch with battery.

#### 2) Storage

Never let the battery contact with water. Never store the battery in hot and high humid place. Don't push the battery excessively and destroy the battery packaging, often wet and ventilating the dry place to keep in the normal atmospheric temperature, find the unusual battery is dealt with in time

#### Section 8 – Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Respiratory Prot	NA	
Ventilation	ntilation Local Exhaust	
Mechanical		NA
Special		NA
	Other	NA
Eye Protection	NA	
Protective Glove	NA	
Other protective clothing		NA
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### **Section 9 – Physical/Chemical Characteristics**

State of matter: Solid state

Form: Button type

Color: True quality of stainless steel

Smell: Tasteless ( At the time of the fullness)

Resolve temperature: NA

Spontaneous combustion temperature: NA

Explosion demarcation line: Higher than 170 degrees Centigrade of batteries will be burnt

To the density (Water =1): NA

Dissolving: NA

Boiling Point:	1,2-Dimethoxyethane : 83℃	
Vapor Pressure:	1,2-Dimethoxyethane :6.40(20℃)	
Vapor Density:	1,2-Dimethoxyethane : 3.11	
Solubility in Water:	1,2-Dimethoxyethane : :diffluence contact with water	
Specific Gravity:	1,2-Dimethoxyethane :1.63	
Melting Point:	1,2-Dimethoxyethane :-67°C	
Evaporation Rate:	N/A	
Water Reactive:	1,2-Dimethoxyethane : :diffluence contact with water	
Appearance & Odor:	1,2-Dimethoxyethane : achromatism liquid; slight aether odor.	

## **Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity**

Stability	Stable
Incompatibility	Water
Hazardous polymerization	Will not occur.
Condition to avoid	See section 7.
Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts	Hydrogen

#### Section 11 – Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity:

1,2-Dimethoxyethane:

LC<sub>50</sub> (Inhalation): N/A

LD<sub>50</sub>: N/A

Eye Effects: Corrosive Skin Effects: Corrosive

### **Section 12 – Ecological Information**

Aquatic Toxicity: Do not let internal components enter marine environments. Avoid releases into waterways, wastewater or groundwater.

## Section 13 – Disposal condition

The battery may be regulated by national or local regulation. Please follow the instructions of Proper regulation. As electric capacity is left in a discarded battery and it comes into contact With other metals, it could lead to distortion, leakage, overheating, or explosion, so make sure to cover the (+) and (-) terminals with friction tape or some other insulator before disposal.

### Section 14 – Transportation Information

Lithium battery model CR2025 is considered as "Dangerous Goods" cargo because they complied with IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations 61<sup>th</sup> Edition of 2020 & Section IB of Packing Instruction PI 968.

Shipping Name Lithium Metal Batteries

UN Number UN3090

Hazard Classification Class 9 (Miscellaneous)

Organizations governing the transport of lithium batteries

Area	Method	Organization	Special Provision
International	Air	IATA,ICAO	Packing Instruction PI968~970
International	Water	IMO	188 & 230
U.S.A	Air, Rail, Highway, Water	DOT	49 CFR Section 173.185

These regulations are based on the UN Recommendations. Each special provision provides specifications on exceptions and packaging for shipping lithium batteries. All the Lithium metal cells of DBV comply in all respects can be shipped as "Dangerous Goods" cargo in accordance with IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations 61<sup>th</sup> Edition & Section IB of Packing Instruction PI 968

If all of following 3 requirements are satisfied, lithium metal batteries can be transported as "Dangerous Goods" cargo.

1) Lithium weight or equivalent lithium content must be less than value in table.

Contents	Lithium metal cells and/or batteries with a lithium content not more than 0.3 g	Lithium metal cells and/or batteries with a lithium content greater than 0.3 g but not more than 1 g	Lithium metal cells and/or batteries with a lithium content greater than 1 g but not more than 2 g
Maximum number of cells / batteries per package	No limit	8 pieces per carton	2 pieces per carton

Equivalent lithium content (g) is calculated as 0.3 (g/Ah) times the rated capacity (Ah).

- 2) Each cell or battery is of the type proven to meet the requirements of each test in the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part V, section 38.3 Cells
- 3) Section II of Packing Instruction PI 968:
  - a) Be marked to indicate that it contains lithium metal cells & batteries, and that special procedures be followed in the event that the package is damaged.
  - b) Each package must be labeled with a lithium battery handling label.
  - c) Be accompanied by a shipping paper explaining that the cells and batteries are excepted from regulations.
  - d) Packaging requirement following to above 1) Lithium weight or equivalent lithium content must be less than value in table.
  - e) Be capable of withstanding a 1.2m drop test in any orientation without shifting of the contents that would allow short-circuiting, and without release of package contents.

Because the consignor has to take the responsibility, the customer has to confirm the exception conditions when shipping.

### **Section 15-Regulatory Information**

EC Labeling: None Risk Phrases: None Safety Phrases: None

Labeling is not required because batteries are classified as "articles" under the Dangerous Preparations Directive and as such are exempt from the requirements of the Directive.

#### **Section 16-Other Information**

If you want further information, please contact:

**FAE** 

Frank Lee

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